

# Year 5 term 5&6



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## **Oral and Mental calculation**

- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit.
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places.
- Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number.
- Round decimals with two decimal places to one decimal place
- Round whole numbers and decimal numbers to the nearest 10, 100, 1000.
- Know what each digit represents in any number or decimal number
- Count forwards and backwards in steps of 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, and 1000 from any positive number or decimal
- Count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero.
- Count forwards and backwards in equal steps
- Count on and back in fractional steps including mixed numbers such as  $1\frac{1}{2}$ .
- Count on and back in decimal steps.
- Order and compare numbers, negative numbers, fractions or decimal numbers up to two decimal places.
- Know by heart facts for all multiplication tables up to 12 x 12
- Find all the factors pairs of a number,
- Find the common factors of two numbers.
- Add and subtract numbers mentally
- Find related facts from known addition, subtraction, multiplication or division facts
- Use partitioning to double or halve any decimal number
- Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 or 1000 and apply this to converting units of measurement.

Week	Main focus of teaching
1	<p><b>Number and place valuator solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Identify, represent and estimate numbers using the number line and place value counters.</i></li> <li>• <i>Identify the value of each digit from millions to numbers with at least two decimal places using place value counters.</i></li> <li>• <i>Create, complete and extend number sequences including those with multiplication and division steps Continue to order temperatures including those below 0°C.</i></li> <li>• Interpret negative numbers in context</li> <li>• Solve number problems and practical problems that involve number and/or place value</li> </ul>

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2	<p><b>Fractions-addition and subtraction to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one to another</li><li>• Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number (<i>including on a number line</i>).</li><li>• Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths.</li><li>• Estimate answers</li><li>• <i>Consider the most appropriate strategy to solve a calculation: calculate mentally, use a jotting or a written method</i></li><li>• Add fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number (<i>using diagrams and/ or manipulatives</i> ).</li><li>• Subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number (<i>using diagrams and/or manipulatives</i>).</li><li>• Solve problems involving addition and/or subtraction of fractions</li></ul>
3	<p><b>Fractions –multiplication to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Continue to recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one from to another.</li><li>• Continue to compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number (<i>including on a number line</i>).</li><li>• Continue to identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths.</li><li>• Estimate answers</li><li>• <i>Consider the most appropriate strategy to solve a calculation: calculate mentally, use a jotting or a written method</i></li><li>• Multiply proper fractions by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams – <i>link to equivalent fractions and factors</i></li><li>• Multiply mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams – <i>link to equivalent fractions and factors</i></li><li>• Solve problems involving multiplications of fractions</li></ul>
4	<p><b>Percentages- to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recognise the per cent symbol (%)</li><li>• understand that per cent relates to ‘number of parts per hundred’</li><li>• <i>understand the link between key fractions , decimals and percentages e.g. <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, 0.5 and 50%</i></li></ul>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100</li> <li>• write percentages as a decimal</li> <li>• <i>solve problems with percentages' including those where it is necessary to work backwards and find 10%</i></li> <li>• Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of</li> <li>• <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{10}</math></li> </ul> <p>Solve problems which require knowing of the percentage and decimal equivalents of <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{4}{5}</math></p> <p>Solve problems which require knowledge of the decimal and percentage equivalent of and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25</p>
5	<p><b>Addition and subtraction to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Estimate answers</li> <li>• <i>Consider the most appropriate strategy to solve a calculation: calculate. mentally, use a jotting or a written method</i></li> <li>• Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits and decimals with two decimal places, including using a compact written method</li> <li>• Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits and decimals with two decimal places, including using a compact written method</li> <li>• Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and combinations of these</li> </ul>
6	<p><b>Multiplication and division to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Estimate answers</li> <li>• <i>Consider the most appropriate strategy to solve a calculation: calculate mentally, use a jotting or a written method</i></li> <li>• Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- digit number including using a compact written method</li> <li>• Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number including using a compact written method of long multiplication.</li> <li>• Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number including using a written method of short division</li> <li>• Interpret remainders in line with the context of the question.</li> <li>• Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ scaling by <i>numbers</i> and simple fractions</li> <li>➤ problems involving simple rates.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and combinations of these.</li> </ul>

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7	<p><b>Measures –Time to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Continue to read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks.</i></li> <li>• Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.</li> <li>• Solve problems involving converting between units of time.</li> <li>• Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric and common imperial units such as pints.</li> <li>• Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in <i>all types of graph and tables including a line graphs</i></li> </ul>
8	<p><b>Measures to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (<math>^2</math>) and cubed (<math>^3</math>).</li> <li>• Continue to calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), using standard units, square centimetres (<math>\text{cm}^2</math>) and square metres (<math>\text{m}^2</math>)</li> <li>• Continue to estimate (<i>and find</i>) the area of irregular shapes.</li> <li>• Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, mass, capacity and volume) using decimal notation, including scaling.</li> <li>• Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints</li> </ul>
9	<p><b>Shape and position and direction to solve problems</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes</li> <li>• Use the properties of rectangles to find missing lengths and/or angles.</li> <li>• Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations.</li> <li>• Describe positions on the first quadrant of a coordinate grid.</li> <li>• Plot specified points and complete shapes.</li> <li>• Continue to identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed</li> </ul>
10	<p><b>Assess and review</b></p>